

# A proof that $e$ is irrational

Gilles Cazalais

We will prove that the number  $e = 2.71828\dots$  is irrational.

*Proof.* From Taylor's theorem, we know that for any positive integer  $n$ ,

$$e = 1 + \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} + \dots + \frac{1}{n!} + R_n, \quad \text{with } 0 < R_n < \frac{3}{(n+1)!}.$$

Assume that  $e$  is rational, i.e.,  $e = a/b$  for two positive integers  $a$  and  $b$ .  
Choose

$$n > \max(b, 3).$$

Then,

$$\frac{a}{b} = 1 + \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} + \dots + \frac{1}{n!} + R_n$$

which implies that

$$\frac{n! a}{b} - \left( n! + \frac{n!}{1!} + \frac{n!}{2!} + \dots + \frac{n!}{n!} \right) = n! R_n. \quad (1)$$

Since  $n > b$ , then  $n!a/b$  is an integer. Therefore  $n! R_n$  is also an integer since all terms on the left of equation (1) are integers.

Since  $n > 3$  and

$$0 < R_n < \frac{3}{(n+1)!},$$

then

$$0 < n! R_n < \frac{3}{n+1} < \frac{3}{4},$$

which is impossible if  $n! R_n$  is an integer. This gives us a contradiction, therefore  $e$  is irrational. QED